

Spotlights: Research Expedited by HPC

Production of Benzene, Toluene, and Xylenes from Natural Gas via Methanol: A Process Synthesis and Global **Optimization Approach** – Alexander M. Niziolek, et al.



Production of Benzene, Toluene, and Xylenes from Natural Gas via Methanol: A Process Synthesis and Global Optimization Approach Alexander M. Niziolek, Onur Onel, and Christodoulos A. Floudas

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Introduction & Motivation

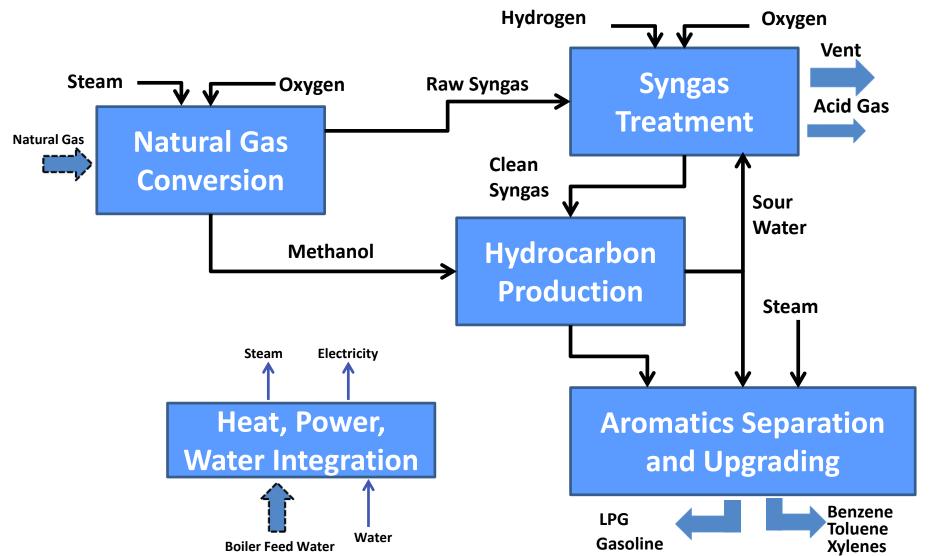
- Natural gas is an abundant, inexpensive, and versatile feedstock for conversion into valuable products, such as aromatics
- Several competing and commercial technologies exist for natural gas conversion
- Objective: Determine novel processes for aromatics production from natural gas using a global optimization algorithm that maximizes the profit from these refineries.
- The optimal processes are economically competitive with the current state-of-the-art
- The optimal processes are environmentally sustainable
- Optimization algorithm is completed using the Ada supercomputer at Texas A&M University





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Natural Gas to Aromatics Processes: Block Flow Diagram

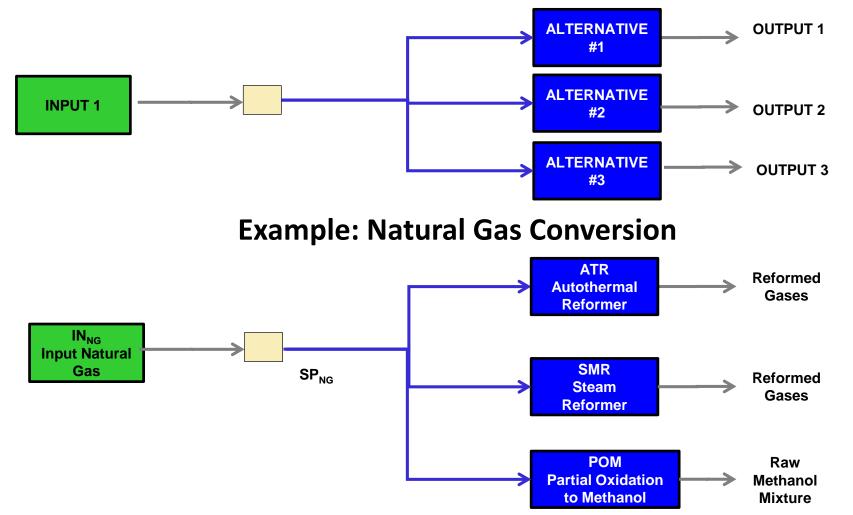




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Mathematical Modelling of Large-Scale Process Superstructure

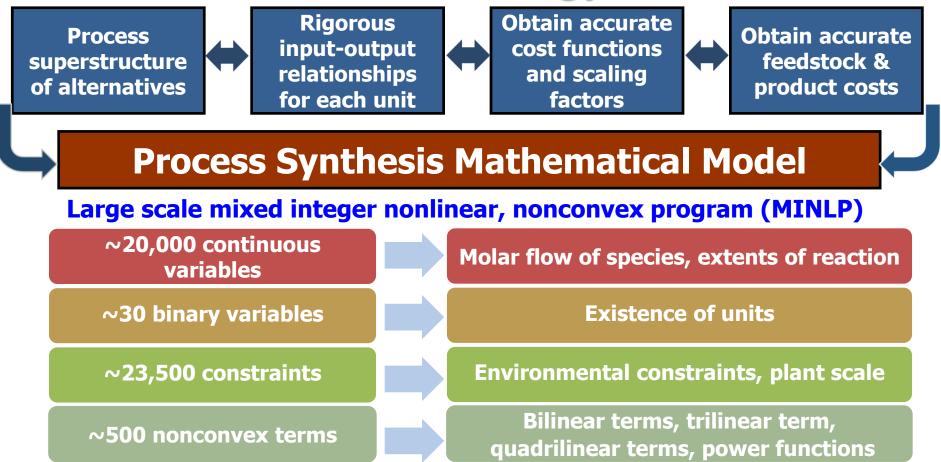
Each alternative modelled rigorously using chemical engineering first principles





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Overall Strategy



Solved using a global optimization branch-and-bound framework using the Ada supercomputing capabilities at Texas A&M University

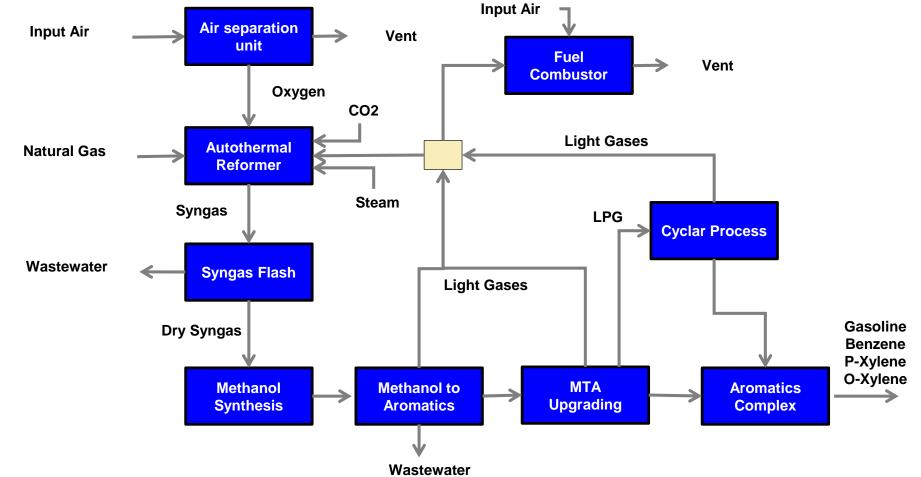




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Results: Optimal Natural Gas to Aromatics Topology

Global optimization algorithm run for 120 hours to determine optimal processes (shown below) for aromatics production from natural gas





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Resource Requirement

- Runtime wall-clock limit: 120 hours
- Cores: 8 cores for execution
- 2500 MB per process/CPU
- Software used: GAMS (General Algebraic Modeling System)