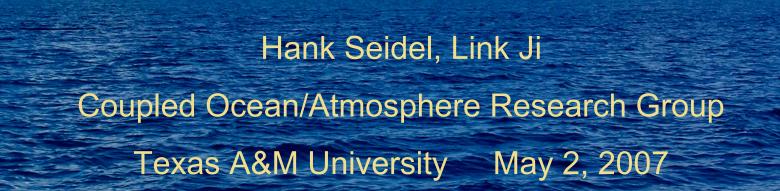
Seasonal to Interannual Climate Simulation and Prediction

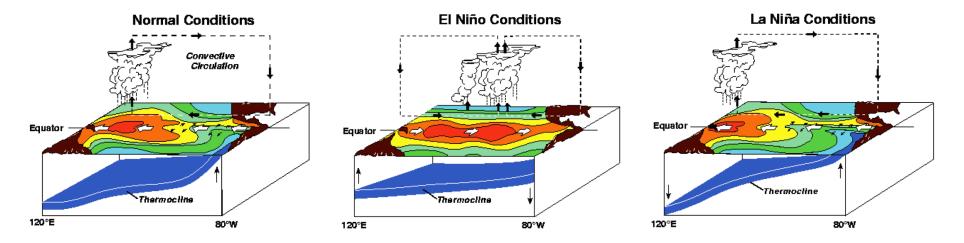


- Our group currently consists of:
 - Professors Ping Chang and Saravanan
 - Three Research Scientists/Post Docs
 - Five graduate students
 - One visiting scientist
- Our research efforts:
 - Air/Sea interaction
 - Climate variability
 - Climate predictability
- Our research is conducted using:
 - Ocean Models several types
 - Atmosphere Models also of several types
 - Couple Ocean/Atmosphere Models mix and match

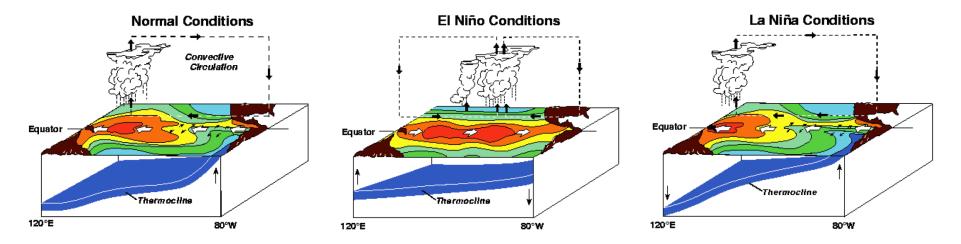
Climate Variability & Prediction

- Pacific Ocean
 - El Nino/Southern Oscillation (ENSO)
 - Coupled Ocean/Atmosphere Phenomenon
 - Impacts Climate Globally
- Atlantic Ocean:
 - Zonal Mode (Atlantic ENSO) & Meridional Mode
 - Coupled Ocean/Atmosphere Phenomena
 - Impacts Climate Regionally

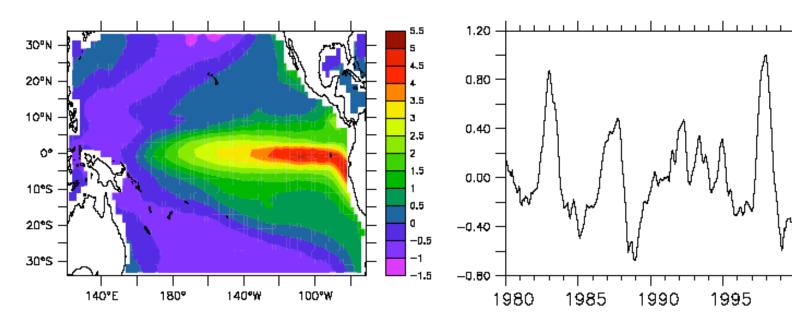
Pacific ENSO



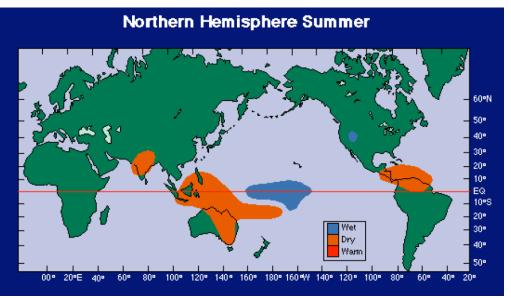
Pacific ENSO



First EOF of SST

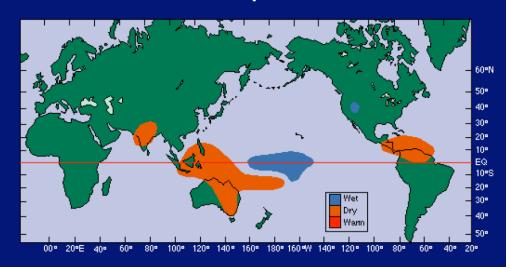


NOAA/PMEL



NOAA/PMEL

Northern Hemisphere Summer

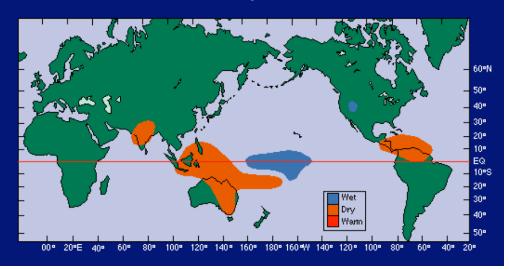


Fred Hoogervirst/Panos Picture/London



NOAA/PMEL

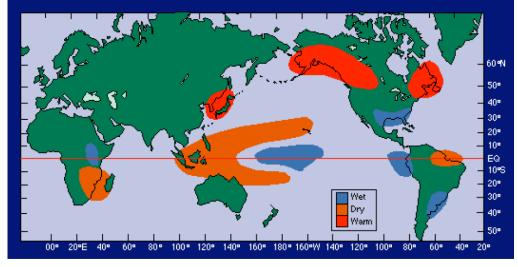
Northern Hemisphere Summer



Fred Hoogervirst/Panos Picture/London

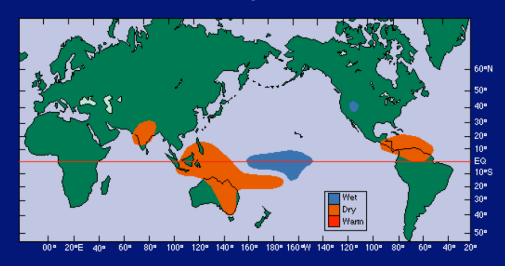


Northern Hemisphere Winter



NOAA/PMEL

Northern Hemisphere Summer

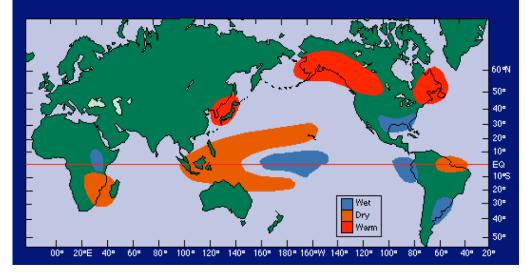


Fred Hoogervirst/Panos Picture/London



Northern Hemisphere Winter

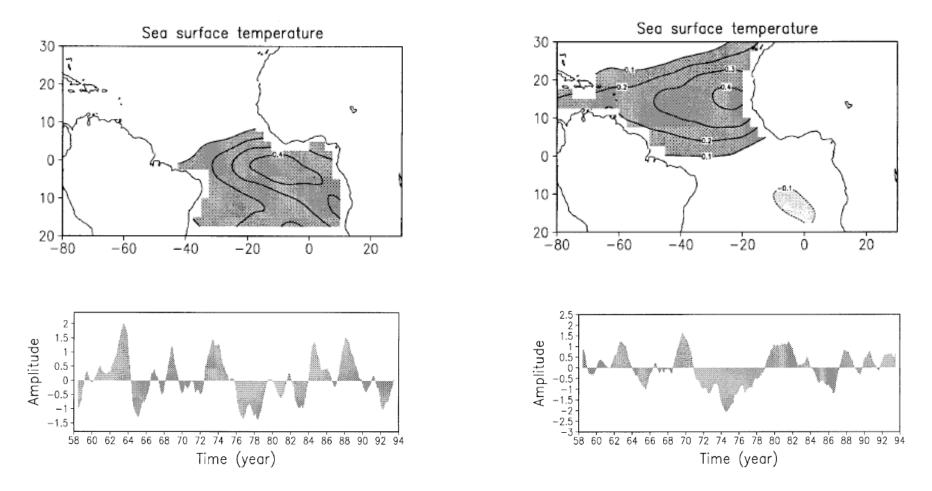




Modes of Variability in the Atlantic

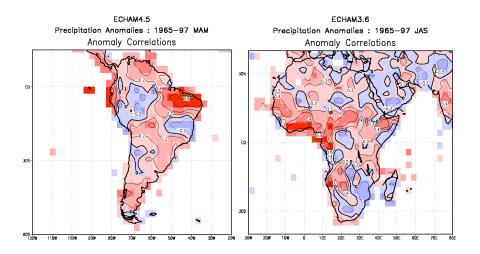
Zonal Mode

Meridional Mode



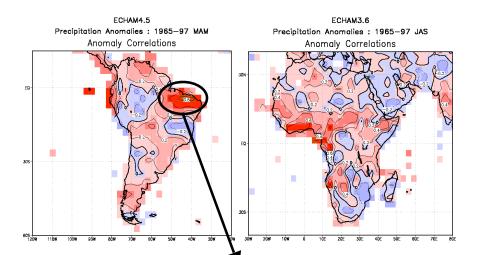
Ruiz-Barradas, 1999

Impact of Variability in the Atlantic

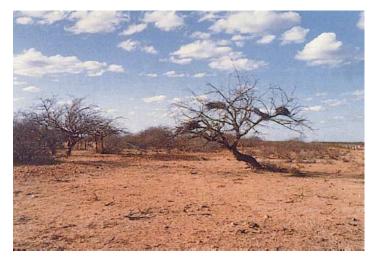


AGCM skill in determining rainfall when SST is known Red = > 0.6 anomaly correlation. (L. Goddard, IRI)

Impact of Variability in the Atlantic

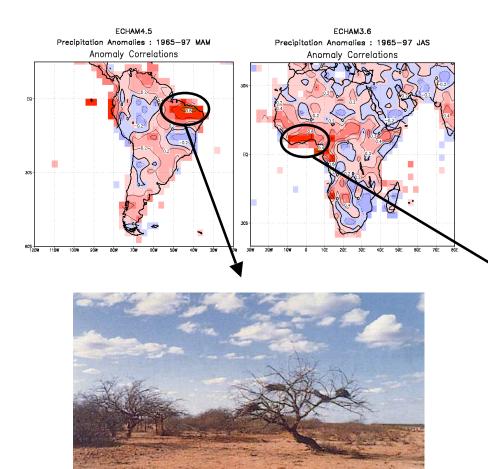


AGCM skill in determining rainfall when SST is known Red = > 0.6 anomaly correlation. (L. Goddard, IRI)

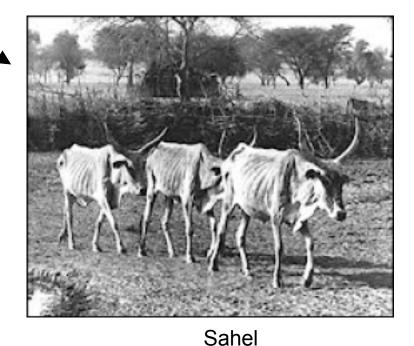


Nordeste www.academiadovinho.com.br/brasil/br_nordeste.html

Impact of Variability in the Atlantic



AGCM skill in determining rainfall when SST is known Red = > 0.6 anomaly correlation. (L. Goddard, IRI)



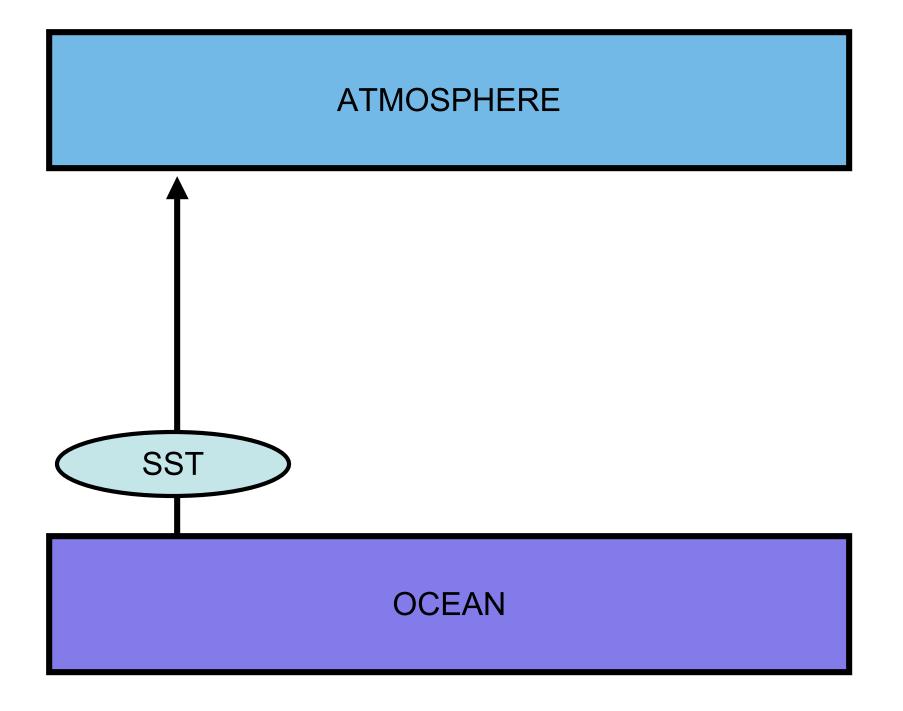
Nordeste www.academiadovinho.com.br/brasil/br_nordeste.html

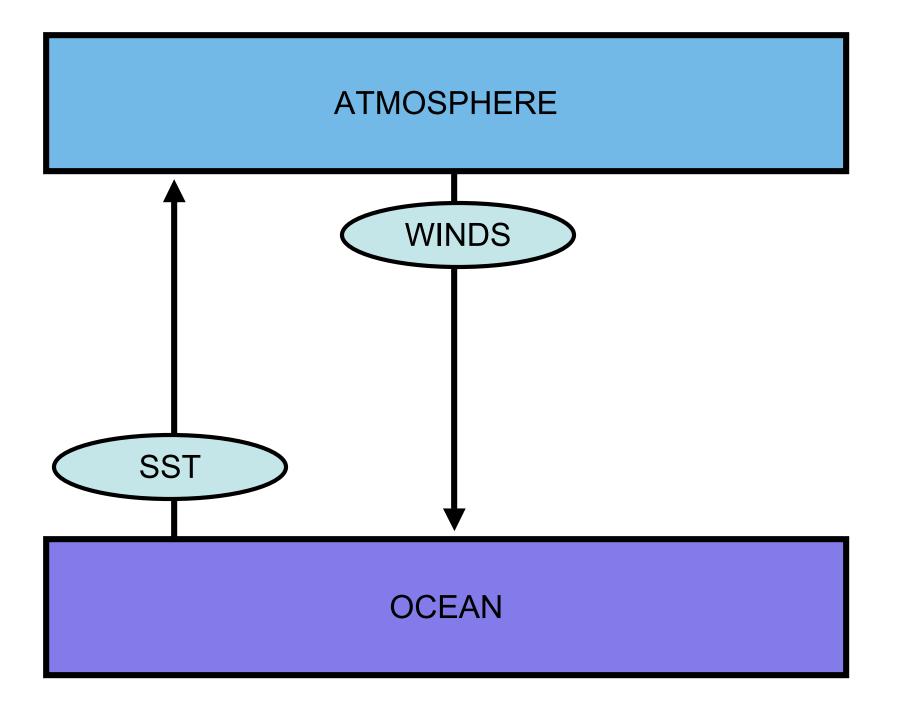
Associated Press

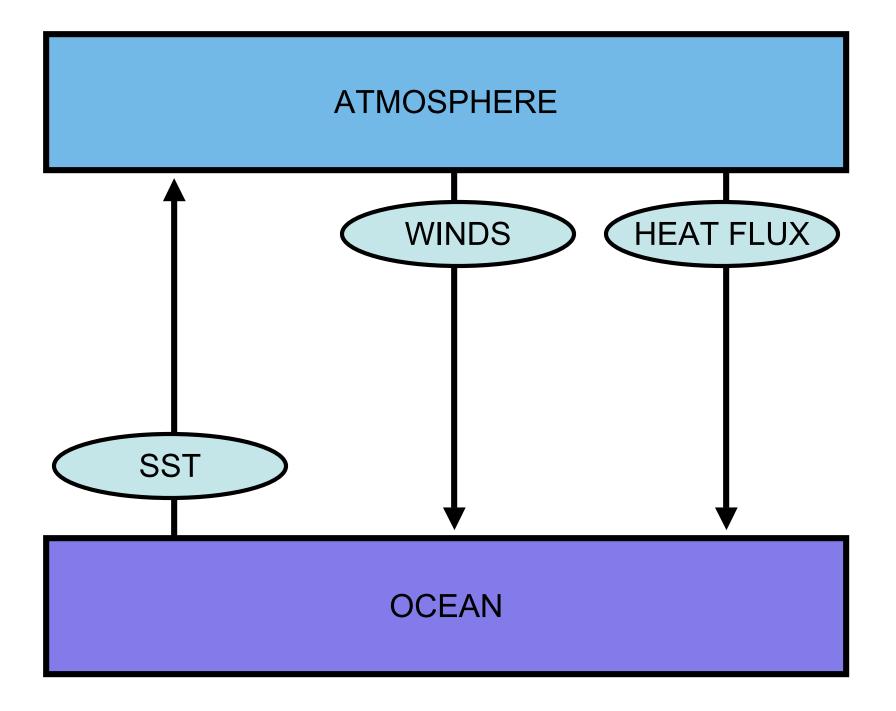
- Ocean Models:
 - Slab Ocean one layer, no physics, very simple, very fast
 - Reduced Gravity 2-3 layers, limited physics, fast
 - Ocean General Circulation Model (OGCM) 25-40 layers, extensive physics, parallel computing required
- Atmosphere Models:
 - Statistical no physics, fast, small
 - Atmosphere General Circulation Models (AGCM) 26-85 levels, extensive physics, parallel computing required
- Ocean and Atmosphere Domains:
 - Global requires reduced resolution, fewer boundary issues
 - Regional allows higher resolution boundary issues
- What about the code?
 - All fortran
 - Source code available ("semi" public domain)
 - Support limited
 - Some has been handed down from generation to generation
 - The OGCMs and AGCMs are parallelized using MPI, OMP or both

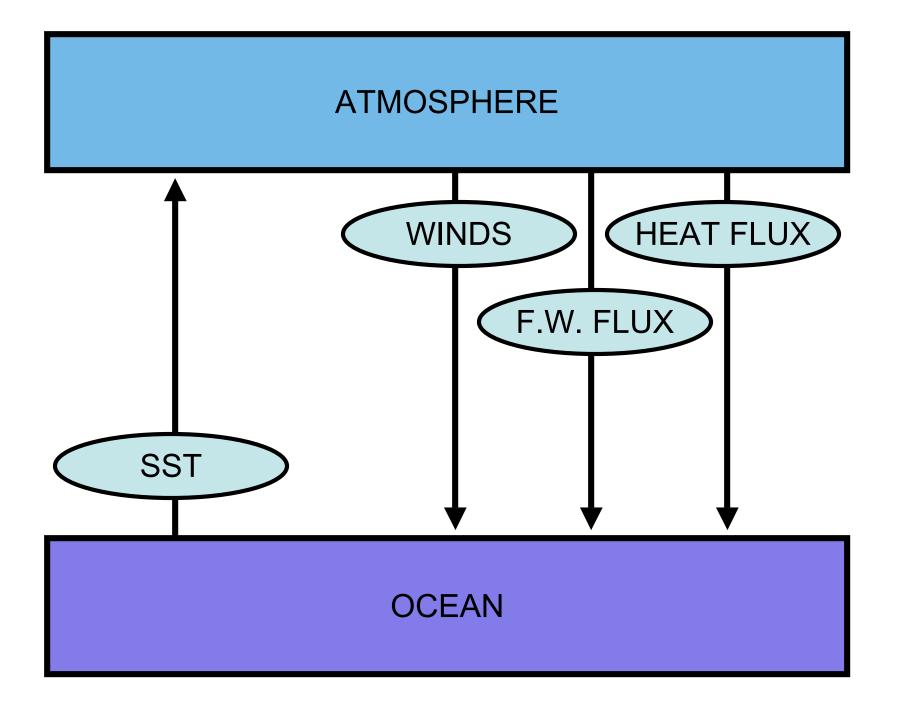
ATMOSPHERE

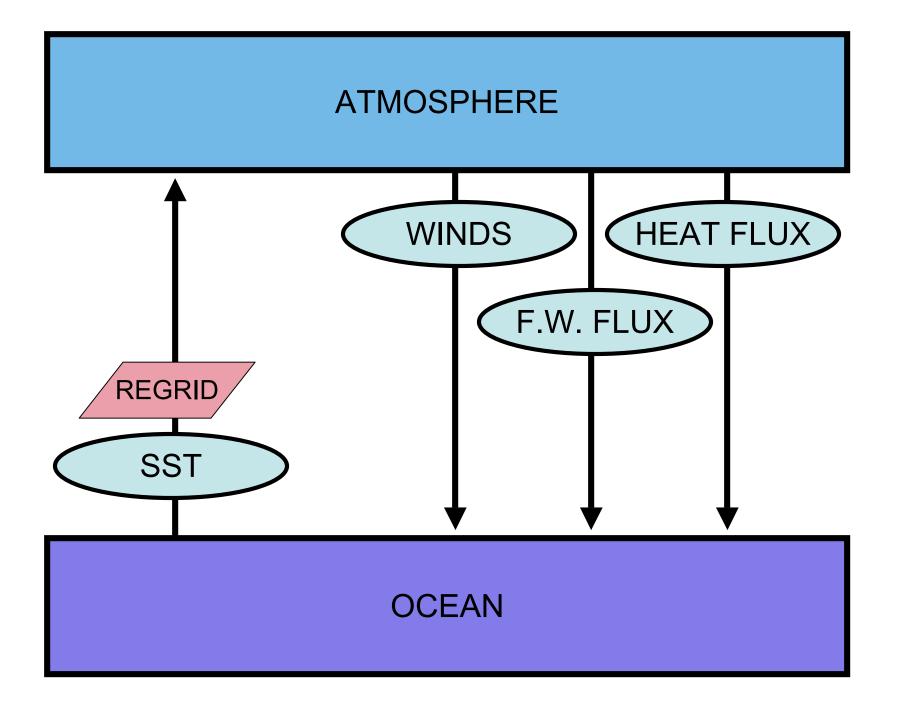


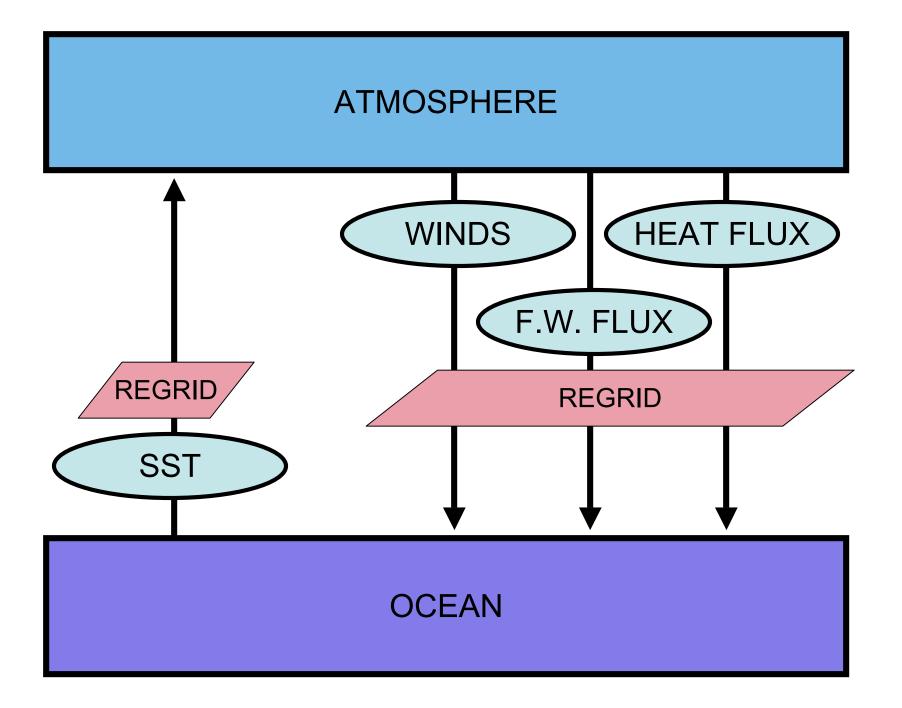


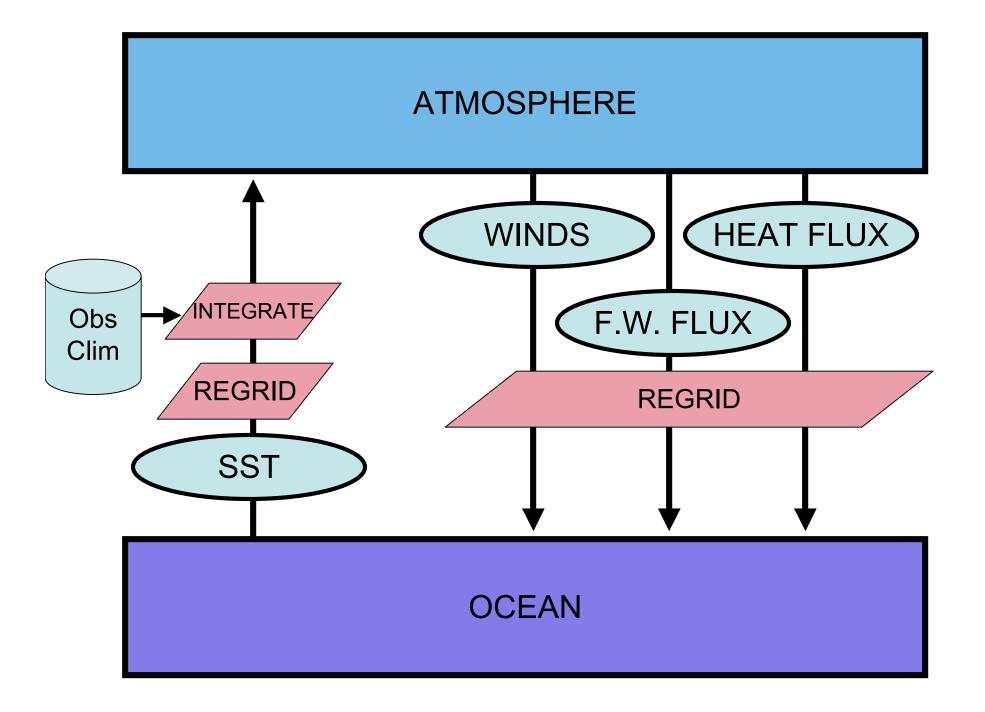


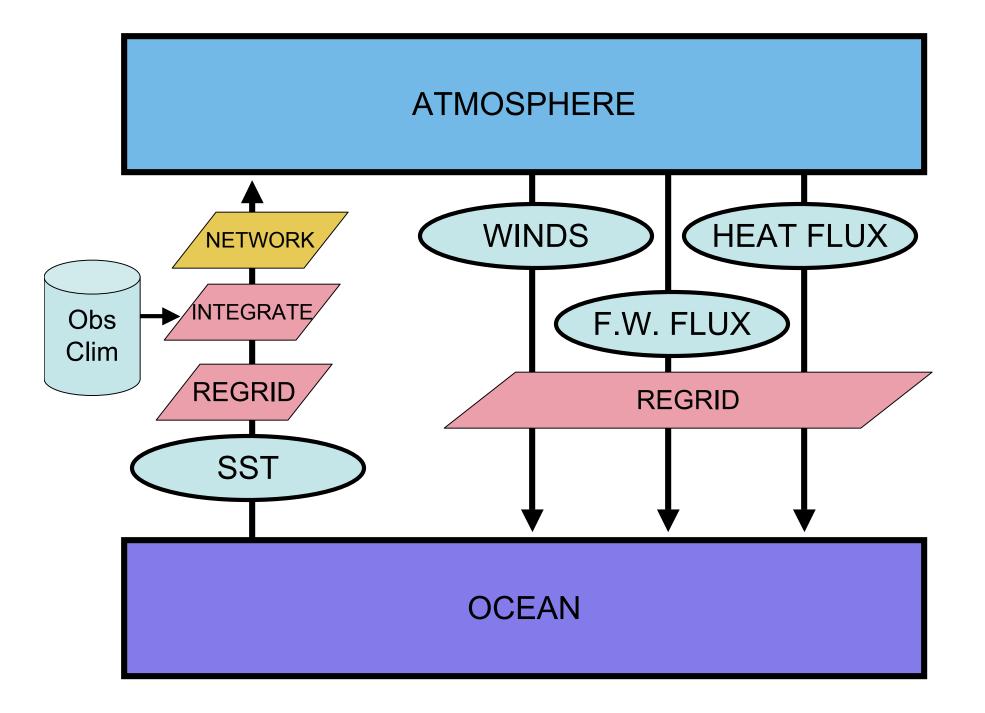


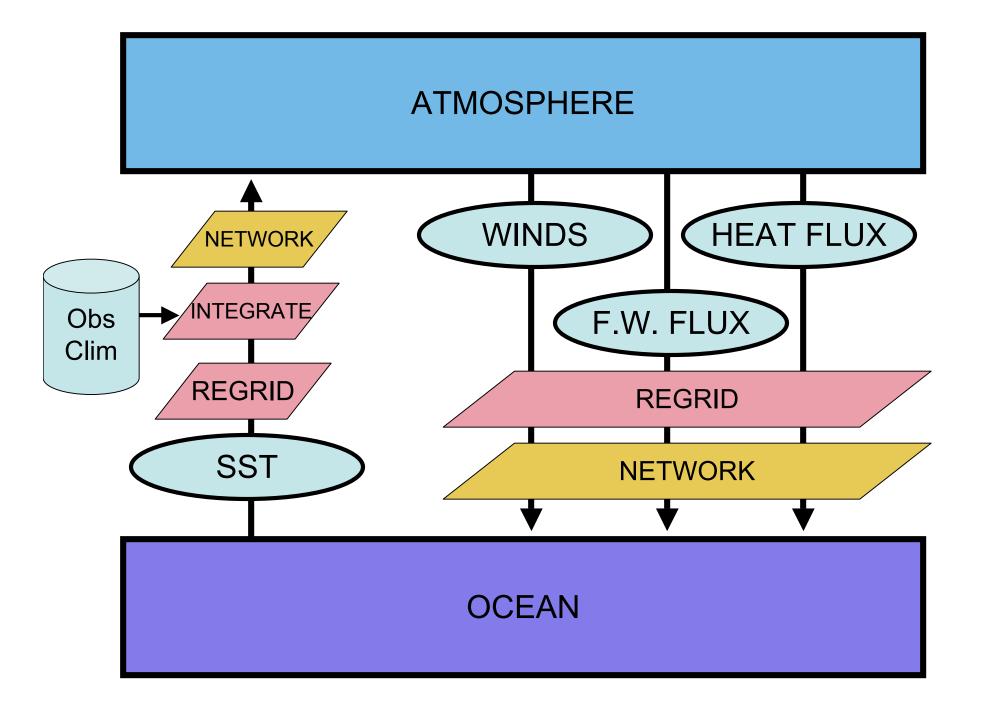








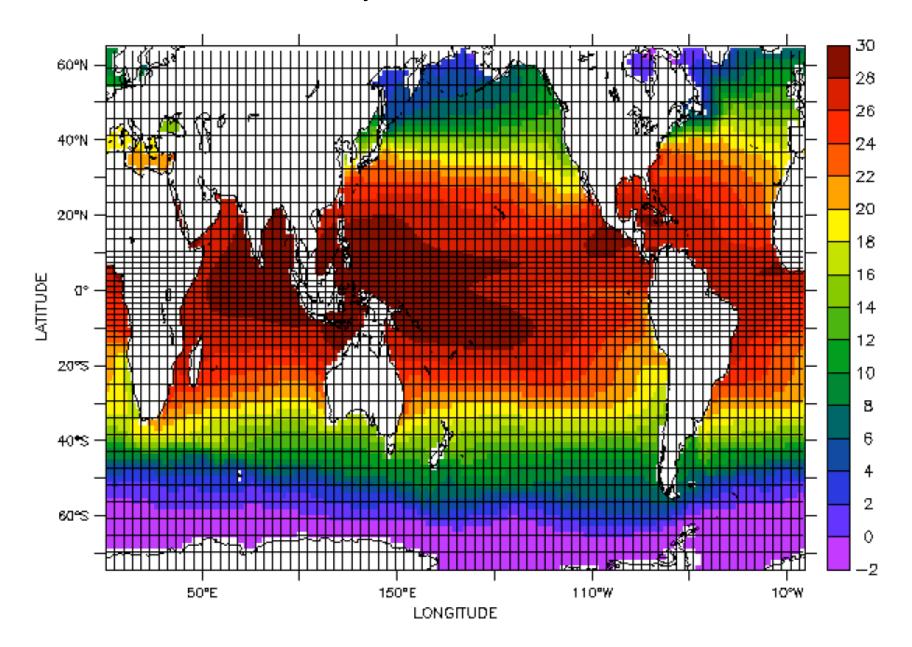




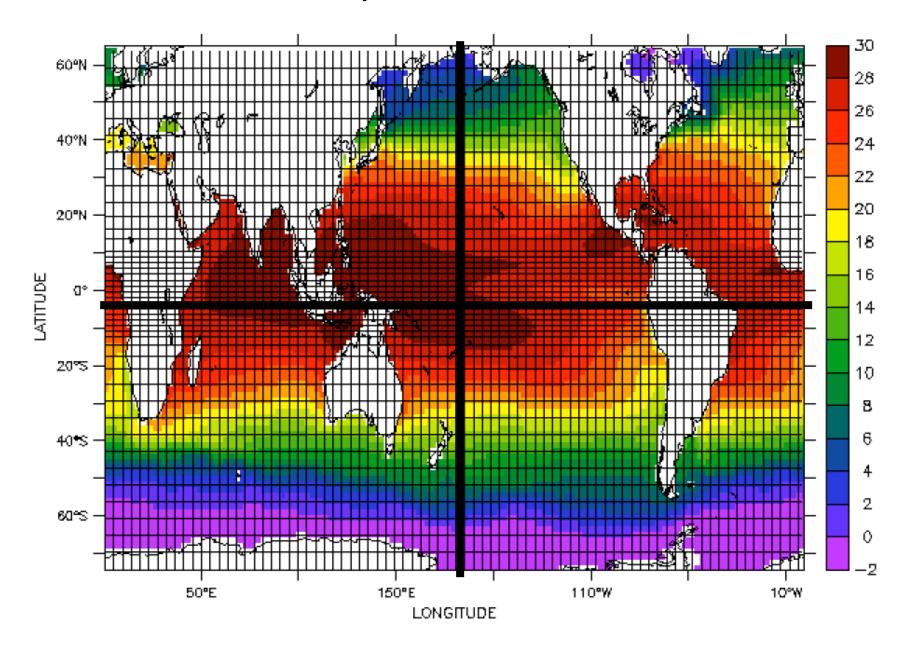
Modeling on Hydra

- Ocean Model
 - GFDL MOM3 OGCM, Finite Difference
 - Global, 240 x 134 with 25 vertical levels
 - 16 processors, MPI
- Atmosphere Model:
 - NCAR CAM3 AGCM, Spectral
 - Global T42 resolution (128 x 64) with 26 vertical levels
 - 16 processors, MPI
- Performance:
 - 3 hours per model year
 - MPI is not used for inter-model communication
 - Performance matching Ocean spends about 5% waiting
- Current Status
 - Model development is complete
 - 50 year test run complete

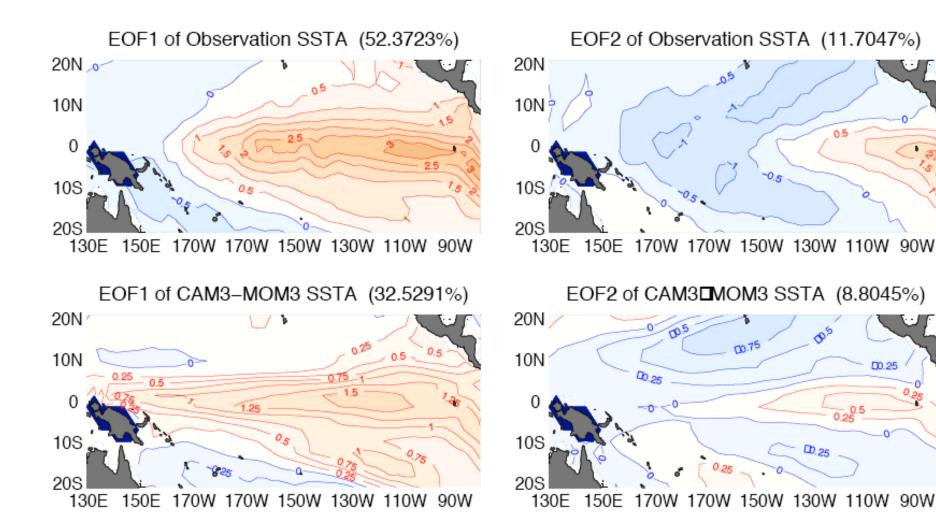
MOM Ocean Model Grid Every Third Point Plotted

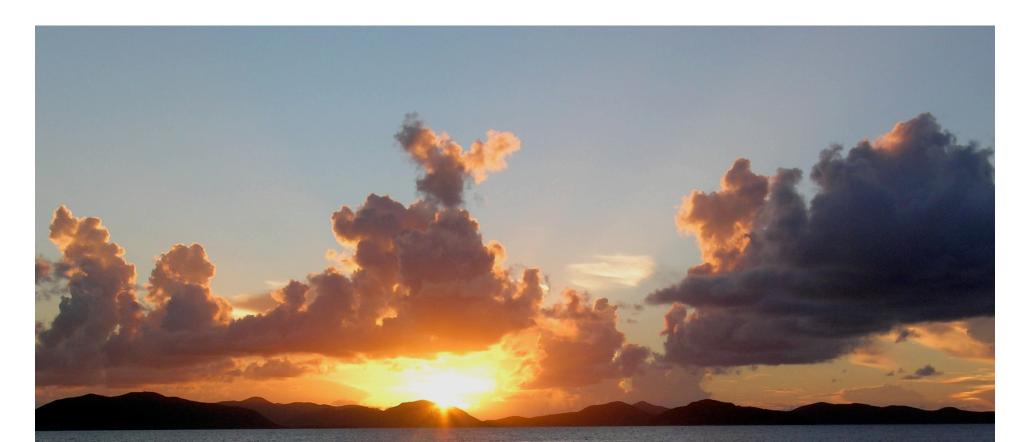


MOM Ocean Model Grid Every Third Point Plotted



Some Preliminary Results . . .





Thanks:

Link Ji - Recent Hydra Results

Spiros Vellas & Staff - Assistance with Code Conversion