

Introduction to ParaView Ping Luo TAMU HPRC



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HPRC Short Course – Spring 2018

Texas A&M University High Performance Research Computing – http://hprc.tamu.edu

Introduction to ParaView

- What is ParaView
- The ParaView Architecture
- Hands-on: Basic Usage of ParaView
 - Getting Data
 - Interacting with 3D View
 - Representation and Field Coloring
 - Filter and Pipeline
 - Commonly used filters
 - contour, slice, clip, streamline, tube, glyph
 - Vector Visualization
 - Streamline, tube, glyph
 - Multiview

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Volume Rendering

What is ParaView









- An open source visualization software for 2D/3D data sets
- Started in 2000 as a collaborative effort between Kitware Inc and Los Alamos National Labratories
- Supports multi-platforms: Windows, Linux, MacOS
- Supports distributed computation for large data sets
- Has an open, flexible, and intuitive user interface
- Has an extensible and modular architecture based on open standard
- Free for non-commercial use

ParaView Architecture

Focus of this short course



Why Visualization

A picture is worth a thousand words.

[pingluo@ada8 data]\$ xxd disk out ref.ex2 |more 0000000: 4344 4601 0000 0001 0000 000a 0000 0019 0000010: 0000 000a 6c65 6e5f 7374 7269 6e67 0000 0000020: 0000 0021 0000 0008 6c65 6e5f 6c69 6e65 0000030: 0000 0051 0000 0004 666f 7572 0000 0004 0000040: 0000 0009 7469 6d65 5f73 7465 7000 0000 0000050: 0000 0000 0000 0007 6e75 6d5f 6469 6d00 0000060: 0000 0003 0000 0009 6e75 6d5f 6e6f 6465 0000070: 7300 0000 0000 2133 0000 0008 6e75 6d5f 0000080: 656c 656d 0000 1d30 0000 000a 6e75 6d5f 0000090: 656c 5f62 6c6b 0000 0000 0001 0000 000d 00000a0: 6e75 6d5f 6e6f 6465 5f73 6574 7300 0000 00000b0: 0000 0003 0000 000d 6e75 6d5f 7369 6465 00000c0: 5f73 6574 7300 0000 0000 0007 0000 000a 00000d0: 6e75 6d5f 7161 5f72 6563 0000 0000 0003 00000e0: 0000 0008 6e75 6d5f 696e 666f 0000 000a 00000f0: 0000 000e 6e75 6d5f 656c 5f69 6e5f 626c 0000100: 6b31 0000 0000 1d30 0000 000f 6e75 6d5f 0000110: 6e6f 645f 7065 725f 656c 3100 0000 0008 0000120: 0000 000b 6e75 6d5f 6e6f 645f 6e73 3100 0000130: 0000 0001 0000 000b 6e75 6d5f 6e6f 645f 0000140: 6e73 3200 0000 0001 0000 000b 6e75 6d5f 0000150: 6e6f 645f 6e73 3300 0000 0001 0000 000c 0000160: 6e75 6d5f 7369 6465 5f73 7331 0000 01a2 0000170: 0000 000c 6e75 6d5f 7369 6465 5f73 7332 0000180: 0000 006c 0000 000c 6e75 6d5f 7369 6465 0000190: 5f73 7333 0000 033c 0000 000c 6e75 6d5f 00001a0: 7369 6465 5f73 7334 0000 00d8 0000 000c 00001b0: 6e75 6d5f 7369 6465 5f73 7335 0000 00b4 00001c0: 0000 000c 6e75 6d5f 7369 6465 5f73 7336 00001d0: 0000 03c4 0000 000c 6e75 6d5f 7369 6465

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Properties	Information			
formation				
Statistics				
Type: Mul	ti-block Data	set		
Number of Cel	lls: 7472			
Number of Poi	nts: 8499			
Memory: 2 M	IB			
Data Arrays				
Current data ti	me: 0			
Name		Data Type	Data Ranges	^
 AsH3 		double	[0.0804768, 0.184839]	
• CH4		double	[0, 0.00117024]	
 GaMe3 		double	[0.000222844, 0.007213	E
 GlobalNo 	odeld	idtype	[1, 8499]	
• H2		double	[0.807613, 0.917688]	
 Pedigreel 	Nodeld	idtype	[1, 8499]	
 Pres 		double	[0.00678552, 0.0288185]	
 Temp 		double	[293.15, 913.15]	
 ∨ 		double	[-19.9491, 19.9491], [-1	
🥡 GlobalEle	ementId	idtype	[1, 7472]	~
Bounds				
X range: -5.75	to 5.75 (del	ta: 11.5)		
Y range: -5.75	to 5.75 (del	ta: 11.5)		
Z range: -10 to	o 10.2 (delta	: 20.2)		



ParaView User Interface

Menu bar		<u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew	<u>S</u> ources <u>F</u> il	ters <u>T</u> ool	s <u>C</u> ataly	/st <u>M</u> ac	ros <u>H</u> e	elp													
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		Axes Grid		Edit				-	7												
		Center Axes Vi	sibility				•														

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Getting Data

- Creating a source from the menu Sources
- Loading from a file

Interacting with a 3D View

- Create a Source: Sources -> Cylinder
- Change parameters: resolution -> 80
- Play with camera controls
- Play with center access controls



Loading from a File

- ParaView provides different readers different types of input files.
- File -> Open -> Examples -> disk_out_ref.ex2
- To view the file, click the eye next to disk_out_ref.ex2 in the pipeline brow

nt readers to read	<i>III</i>	Open File: (open multiple files with <ctrl> key.)</ctrl>											
	Look in: /		- 0 0	0	R								
).	Examples	Filename											
-> ye next to eline browser.	Home Home	bin boot cgrou dev etc gene gpfs home lib lib 64	up ral ∌ a										
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			Supported Files (*.inp *.cosmo *ct* *.stl *.wrl *.vrml *.xyz)										
Scroll down to see a list of supported file types			AMR Enzo Files(*.boundary *.hierarchy) AMR Flash Files(*.Flash *.flash) ANSYS Files(*.inp) AUXFile Files(*.aux) AVS UCD Binary/ASCII Files(*.inp) Adaptive cosmo files(*.cosmo) BOV Files(*.bov) BYU Files(*.g)										

Representation and Active Variable Controls







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Change Color Map

?

Apply

Close

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Edit Color Map -> Choose Preset is -> Black Body Radiation -> Apply







Filter and Pipeline

Filter: a functional unit that processes the data to generate, extract, or derive features from the data.



Visualization Pipeline



Commonly Used Filters



Slice





- Click "slice" -> uncheck "show plane" in Plane Parameters -> Apply
- Change active variable to "temp"
- Set view direction to +X

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 Rotate the slice to view from different angles

Contour

- Edit -> Reset Session
- Load disk_out_ref.ex2 -> check all variables -> apply
- Active variable -> pres

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- Representation -> Wireframe
- Contour -> In Properties tab click "temp" for "Contour by"
- Change "Isosurfaces" value to "400" -> apply



Extract Surface

- Continue from previous slide
- Representation -> Surface
- Filters -> Alphabetical -> Extract Surface -> apply
- Select "ExtractSurface1" -> Clip -> uncheck "show plane" in "Plane Properties" -> Apply





Save/Load State

- File -> Save State
- File -> Load State





Vector Visualization - Streamlines

- The data set has a velocity field describing the movement of the air over the heated rotating disk.
- The filter Stream Tracer can be used to determine the currents in the air.
- Click Stream Tracer from common filters -> Apply



Enhanced Streamlines

- Stream Tracer draws 1d lines that has no thickness.
 - No shading
 - No direction
- Can be enhanced with other filters
 - ctrl+space (quick search) -> Tube ->Apply
 - Glyph -> Apply

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Glyph Properties:Glyph Source:Glyph Type = coneActive Attributes:Vectors = VScaling:Scale Mode = vector



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Scale Factor = 0.5904.. (click 🦉 to set the value)

Multiview

 On top right of 'view', there are buttons for splitting, resizing, and deleting views.



Using Multiview

- Edit -> Reset Session
- File -> Recent File -> disk_out_ref.ex2
- Clip -> color by Pres
- Split Vertically
- Click the right view
- Clip -> color by Temp



Linking Camera

- Right click one view
- Select "Linking Camera"
- Click the other view

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The two views are now using the same camera – rotating one view causes the other view to rotate in the same direction. Very convenient for viewing the value of different variables at the same location.



Volume Rendering

- A solid mesh is rendered as a translucent cloud, with the scalar field determining the color and density at every point in the cloud.
- The benefit is to see features all the way through a volume
- Filters -> Data Analysis -> Histogram -> Apply



Exercise 1

Do volume rendering in Multiview with temperature and pressure respectively.

Exercise 2

- Start with a new session.
- Add a streamline augmented with tube and glyph to the volume rendering with temperature.
- Change the transfer function to "Black-Body Radiation".

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Further Reading

ParaView tutorial

https://www.paraview.org/Wiki/The_ParaView_Tutorial

ParaView user guide

https://www.paraview.org/paraview-guide/

Sandia National Lab ParaView tutorials

https://www.paraview.org/Wiki/SNL_ParaView_4_Tutorials